micropy-cli

Release 4.2.2

Braden Mars

Aug 25, 2023

DOCUMENTATION

1	Insta	llation	3
	1.1	Installation	
		Getting Started	
	1.3	See Also	6
		Acknowledgements	
	1.5	CLI Usage	6
	1.6	API Reference	6
2	Indic	es and tables	13
Py	thon N	Module Index	15
Inc	lex		17

Micropy Cli is a project management/generation tool for writing Micropython code in modern IDEs such as VSCode. Its primary goal is to automate the process of creating a workspace complete with:

- Linting compatible with Micropython
- VSCode Intellisense
- Autocompletion
- Dependency Management
- VCS Compatibility

CHAPTER

INSTALLATION

You can download and install the latest version of this software from the Python package index (PyPI) as follows: pip install --upgrade micropy-cli

1.1 Installation

You can download and install the latest version of this software from the Python package index (PyPI) as follows: pip install --upgrade micropy-cli If applicable, you can test out a pre-release by executing: pip install --upgrade --pre micropy-cli

1.2 Getting Started

1.2.1 Creating a Project

Creating a new project folder is as simple as:

- 1. Executing micropy init <PROJECT NAME>
- 2. Selecting which features to enable
- 3. Selecting your target device/firmware
- 4. Boom. Your workspace is ready.

1.2.2 Micropy Project Environment

When creating a project with micropy-cli, two special items are added:

- A .micropy/ folder
- A micropy.json file

The .micropy/contains symlinks from your project to your \$HOME/.micropy/stubs folder. By doing this, micropy can reference the required stub files for your project as relative to it, rather than using absolute paths to \$HOME/. micropy. How does this benefit you? Thanks to this feature, you can feel free to push common setting files such as settings.json and .pylint.rc to your remote git repository. This way, others who clone your repo can achieve a matching workspace in their local environment.

Note: The generated .micropy/ folder should be *IGNORED* by your VCS. It is created locally for each environment via the micropy.json file.

The micropy.json file contains information micropy needs in order to resolve your projects required files when other clone your repo. Think of it as a package.json for micropython.

1.2.3 Cloning a Micropy Environment

To setup a Micropy environment locally, simply:

- Install micropy-cli
- Navigate to the project directory
- Execute micropy

Micropy will automatically configure and install any stubs required by a project thanks to its micropy.json file.

1.2.4 Project Dependencies

While all modules that are included in your targeted micropython firmware are available with autocompletion, intellisense, and linting, most projects require external dependencies.

Currently, handling dependencies with micropython is a bit tricky. Maybe you can install a cpython version of your requirement? Maybe you could just copy and paste it? What if it needs to be frozen?

Micropy handles all these issues for you automatically. Not only does it track your project's dependencies, it keeps both requirements.txt and dev-requirements.txt updated, enables autocompletion/intellisense for each dep, and allows you to import them just as you would on your device.

This allows you to include your requirement however you want, whether that be as a frozen module in your custom built firmware, or simply in the /lib folder on your device.

Installing Packages

To add a package as a requirement for your project, run:

micropy install <PACKAGE_NAMES>

while in your project's root directory.

This will automatically execute the following:

- Source PACKAGE_NAMES from pypi, as a url, or a local path
- Retrieve the module/package and stub it, adding it to your local .micropy folder.
- Add requirement to your micropy.json
- Update requirements.txt

To install dev packages that are not needed on your device, but are needed for local development, add the --dev flag. This will do everything above **except** stub the requirement.

You can also install all requirements found in micropy.json/requirements.txt/dev-requirements.txt by executing micropy install without passing any packages. Micropy will automatically do this when setting up a local environment of an existing micropy project.

Example

Lets say your new project will depend on picoweb and blynklib. Plus, you'd like to use rshell to communicate directly with your device. After creating your project via micropy init, you can install your requirements as so:

Now you or anybody cloning your project can import those requirements normally, and have the benefits of all the features micropy brings:

1.2.5 Stub Management

Stub files are the magic behind how micropy allows features such as linting, Intellisense, and autocompletion to work. To achieve the best results with MicropyCli, its important that you first add the appropriate stubs for the device/firmware your project uses.

Note: When working in a micropy project, all stub related commands will also be executed on the active project. (i.e if in a project and you run micropy stubs add <stub-name>, then that stub retrieved AND added to the active project.)

Adding Stubs

Adding stubs to Micropy is a breeze. Simply run: micropy stubs add <STUB_NAME> By sourcing micropy-stubs, MicroPy has several premade stub packages to choose from.

These packages generally use the following naming schema:

```
<device>-<firmware>-<version>
```

For example, running micropy stubs add esp32-micropython-1.11.0 will install the following:

- Micropython Specific Stubs
- ESP32 Micropython v1.11 Device Specific Stubs
- Frozen Modules for both device and firmware

You can search stubs that are made available to Micropy via micropy stubs search <QUERY>

Alternatively, using micropy stubs add <PATH>, you can manually add stubs to Micropy. For manual stub generation, please see Josvel/micropython-stubber.

Creating Stubs

Using micropy stubs create <PORT/IP_ADDRESS>, MicropyCli can automatically generate and add stubs from any Micropython device you have on hand. This can be done over both USB and WiFi.

Note: For stub creation, micropy-cli has additional dependencies.

These can be installed by executing: pip install micropy-cli[create_stubs]

Viewing Stubs

To list stubs you have installed, simply run micropy stubs list.

To search for stubs for your device, use micropy stubs search <QUERY>.

1.3 See Also

- VSCode IntelliSense, Autocompletion & Linting capabilities
 - An awesome article written by lemariva. It covers creating a micropython project environment from scratch using micropy-cli and pymakr-vsc. Great place to start if you're new to this!

1.4 Acknowledgements

1.4.1 Micropython-Stubber

Josvel/micropython-stubber

Josverl's Repo is full of information regarding Micropython compatibility with VSCode and more. To find out more about how this process works, take a look at it.

micropy-cli and micropy-stubs depend on micropython-stubber for its ability to generate frozen modules, create stubs on a pyboard, and more.

1.5 CLI Usage

1.6 API Reference

micropy	Micropy Cli.
micropy.main	Main Module.
micropy.exceptions	Micropy Exceptions.
micropy.stubs	micropy.stubs
micropy.stubs.source	micropy.stubs.source
	:2: (WARNING/2) Title underline too short.
	micropy.stubs.source ~~~~~~~~~~~
micropy.project	Module for generating/managing projects.
<pre>micropy.project.modules</pre>	Project Modules.
micropy.utils	micropy.utils
micropy.config	Configuration files and interfaces for them.
<pre>micropy.config.config_source</pre>	Config Abstract.
micropy.packages	Packages Module.

1.6.1 micropy

Micropy Cli.

Micropy Cli is a project management/generation tool for writing Micropython code in modern IDEs such as VSCode. Its primary goal is to automate the process of creating a workspace complete with:

Linting compatible with Micropython, VSCode Intellisense, Autocompletion, Dependency Management, VCS Compatibility and more.

Classes

MicroPy(*[, options])Handles App State Management.
--

1.6.2 micropy.main

Main Module.

Functions

parse_file_as(type_, path, *[, ...])

rtype

TypeVar(T)

Classes

Log()	Borg for easy access to any Log from anywhere in the
	package.
MicroPy(*[, options])	Handles App State Management.
<pre>MicroPyOptions(*[, root_dir, stubs_dir])</pre>	
Path(*args, **kwargs)	PurePath subclass that can make system calls.
Project(path[, name])	Micropy Project.
RepositoryInfo(**data)	
StubManager([resource, repos])	Manages a collection of Stubs.
<pre>StubRepository([manifests, packages_index,])</pre>	-

1.6.3 micropy.exceptions

Micropy Exceptions.

Exceptions

MicropyException	Generic MicroPy Exception.
PyDeviceConnectionError(location)	
PyDeviceError([message])	Generic PyDevice exception.
PyDeviceFileIntegrityError(device_path,)	
RequirementException(*args, **kwargs)	A Requirement Exception Occurred.
RequirementNotFound(*args, **kwargs)	A requirement could not be found.
StubError([message, stub])	Exception for any errors raised by stubs.
StubNotFound([stub_name])	Raised when a stub cannot be found.

1.6.4 micropy.stubs

micropy.stubs

This module contains all functionality relating to stub files/frozen modules and their usage in MicropyCli

Classes

MicropyStubPackage(**data)

MicropythonStubsManifest(**data)

MicropythonStubsPackage(**data)

RepositoryInfo(**data)

StubManager([resource, repos])

Manages a collection of Stubs.

StubPackage(**data)

StubRepository([manifests, packages_index, ...])

StubRepositoryPackage(manifest, package)

StubsManifest(**data)

1.6.5 micropy.stubs.source

micropy.stubs.source

This module contains abstractions for handling stub sources and their location.

Functions

Cast a value to a type.	
@contextmanager decorator.	
Factory for StubSource Instance.	
Apply a function of two arguments cumulatively to the	
items of a sequence or iterable, from left to right, so as	
to reduce the iterable to a single value.	

Classes

Any(*args, **kwargs)	Special type indicating an unconstrained type.	
ExitStack()	Context manager for dynamic management of a stack o	
	exit callbacks.	
<pre>LocateStrategy(*args, **kwargs)</pre>		
Log()	Borg for easy access to any Log from anywhere in the	
	package.	
Path(*args, **kwargs)	PurePath subclass that can make system calls.	
Protocol()	Base class for protocol classes.	
RemoteStubLocator()	Stub Source for remote locations.	
RepoStubLocator(repo)		
<pre>StubInfoSpecLocator()</pre>		
StubSource([locators, location])	Handles sourcing stubs.	
partial	partial(func, *args, **keywords) - new function with	
	partial application of the given arguments and keywords.	

1.6.6 micropy.project

Module for generating/managing projects.

Classes

<pre>Project(path[, name])</pre>	Micropy Project.
i i o jece (pauli, name)	

1.6.7 micropy.project.modules

Project Modules.

Classes

DevPackagesModule(path, **kwargs)	Project Module for Dev Packages.
HookProxy(name)	Proxy for Project Hooks.
PackagesModule(path, **kwargs)	Project Module for handling requirements.
<pre>ProjectModule([parent, log])</pre>	Abstract Base Class for Project Modules.
StubsModule(stub_manager[, stubs])	Project module for handling Stubs.
TemplatesModule([templates, run_checks])	Project Templates Module.

1.6.8 micropy.utils

micropy.utils

This module provides utility functions that are used within MicropyCli.

Functions

<pre>create_dir_link(source, target)</pre>	Creates a platform appropriate directory link.
ensure_existing_dir(path)	Ensure path exists and is a directory.
ensure_valid_url(url)	Ensure a url is valid.
<pre>extract_tarbytes(file_bytes, path)</pre>	Extract tarfile as bytes.
<pre>generate_stub(path[, log_func])</pre>	Create Stub from local .py file.
get_cached_data(url)	Wrap requests with a short cache.
<pre>get_class_that_defined_method(meth)</pre>	Determines Class that defined a given method.
get_package_meta(name, url)	Retrieve package metadata from PyPi.
<pre>get_url_filename(url)</pre>	Parse filename from url.
is_dir_link(path)	Test if path is either a symlink or directory junction.
is_downloadable(url)	Checks if the url can be downloaded from.
is_existing_dir(path)	Check if path is an existing directory.
<pre>is_update_available()</pre>	Check if micropy-cli update is available.
is_url(url)	Check if provided string is a url.
<pre>iter_requirements(path)</pre>	Iterate requirements from a requirements.txt file.
lazy_property(fn)	
<pre>search_xml(url, node)</pre>	Search xml from url by node.
<pre>stream_download(url, **kwargs)</pre>	Stream download with tqdm progress bar.

Classes

Validator(schema_path)	"jsonschema wrapper for file validation.

1.6.9 micropy.config

Configuration files and interfaces for them.

Classes

Config(*args[, source_format, default])	Configuration File Interface.	
DictConfigSource([config])		
JSONConfigSource(path)	JSON Config File Source.	

1.6.10 micropy.config.config_source

Config Abstract.

Classes

Any(*args, **kwargs)	Special type indicating an unconstrained type.
ConfigSource([initial_config])	Abstract Base Class for Config Sources.
Log()	Borg for easy access to any Log from anywhere in the
	package.
ServiceLog([service_name, base_color])	Handles logging to stdout and micropy.log.

1.6.11 micropy.packages

Packages Module.

Allows user to address different dependency types (package, module, path, pypi, etc.) through a single uniform api.

Functions

create_dependency_source(requirement[, name]) Factory for creating a dependency source object.

Classes

Any(*args, **kwargs)	Special type indicating an unconstrained type.
LocalDependencySource(package, path)	Dependency Source that is available locally.
Package(name, specs[, path, uri, vcs,])	
PackageDependencySource(package[, format_desc])	Dependency Source for pypi packages.
PackageDependencySource(package[, format_desc]) Path(*args, **kwargs)	Dependency Source for pypi packages. PurePath subclass that can make system calls.

CHAPTER

TWO

INDICES AND TABLES

- genindex
- modindex
- search

PYTHON MODULE INDEX

m

micropy,7 micropy.config,11 micropy.config.config_source,11 micropy.exceptions,8 micropy.main,7 micropy.packages,11 micropy.project,9 micropy.project.modules,10 micropy.stubs,8 micropy.stubs.source,9 micropy.utils,10

INDEX

Μ

micropy module, 7 micropy.config module, 11 micropy.config.config_source module, 11 micropy.exceptions module,8 micropy.main module, 7 micropy.packages module, 11 micropy.project module, 9 micropy.project.modules module, 10 micropy.stubs module, 8 micropy.stubs.source module,9 micropy.utils module, 10 module micropy, 7 micropy.config,11 micropy.config.config_source,11 micropy.exceptions, 8 micropy.main,7 micropy.packages, 11 micropy.project,9 micropy.project.modules,10 micropy.stubs,8 micropy.stubs.source,9 micropy.utils, 10